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## What is *Strategies to Achieve Reading Success*<sup>™</sup> (*STARS*<sup>™</sup>)?

*STARS* is a prescriptive reading series that provides essential instruction in 12 reading strategies, the same strategies that are assessed in the *Comprehensive Assessment of Reading Strategies*<sup>™</sup> (*CARS*<sup>™</sup>) diagnostic reading series. *STARS* provides students with precise instruction in and practice of the strategies they need to master in order to achieve reading success.

In *STARS, Book 7*, students receive step-by-step instruction in 12 reading strategies:

- finding main idea
- recalling facts and details
- understanding sequence
- recognising cause and effect
- comparing and contrasting
- making predictions
- finding word meaning in context
- drawing conclusions and making inferences
- distinguishing between fact and opinion
- identifying author's purpose
- interpreting figurative language
- distinguishing between real and make-believe

In *STARS, Book 7*, students read the following genres as part of the instruction:

- |                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| • narrative       | • journal entry        |
| • science article | • informational report |
| • autobiography   | • poem                 |
| • biography       | • movie review         |
| • advertisement   | • book review          |
| • fable           | • myth                 |
| • folktale        | • legend               |
| • letter          | • tall tale            |
| • history article | • interview            |

## What is in the book?

Each *STARS* book contains

- 12 strategy lessons  
Each eight-page lesson provides instruction in a specific reading strategy. Students read several passages and answer 16 multiple-choice questions that focus on the strategy.
- 4 review lessons  
A four-page review lesson follows every three strategy lessons. Students read longer passages and answer 12 multiple-choice questions.
- 1 final review  
The nine-page final review gives practice in the 12 reading strategies. Students read three longer passages and answer 36 multiple-choice questions.

## What is the organisation of the strategy lessons in the book?

Each strategy lesson teaches students a specific reading strategy. There are 16 multiple-choice questions in each strategy lesson. Each of the 12 lessons includes the following two-page sections:

- **Part One: Learn About the Strategy**  
This section introduces the strategy and presents the key characteristics of the strategy. Two multiple-choice questions are provided. Part One should be guided by the teacher.
- **Part Two: Check Your Understanding**  
This section reviews the strategy and explains which answer choices are correct and why the other answer choices are incorrect. Two multiple-choice questions are provided. Part Two should be guided by the teacher.
- **Part Three: Learn More About the Strategy**  
This section presents additional information about the strategy, as well as further practice. Eight multiple-choice questions are provided.
- **Part Four: Prepare for a Test**  
This section provides students with information about the kinds of test questions that target the strategy. Four multiple-choice questions are provided. The name of the strategy appears above each question.

### **What is the organisation of the review lessons in the book?**

Each review lesson provides practice of the previous three reading strategies. There are two reading passages and 12 multiple-choice questions in each review lesson. Each of the four review lessons includes the following two-page sections:

- Part One: Practice with a longer reading passage followed by two multiple-choice questions for each of the three strategies reviewed (6 questions). The name of the strategy appears above each question.
- Part Two: Practice with another longer reading passage followed by two multiple-choice questions for each of the three strategies reviewed (6 questions). The name of the strategy appears above each question.

### **What is the organisation of the final review in the book?**

The final review provides practice of the 12 reading strategies. There are three reading passages and 36 multiple-choice questions in the final review. The final review follows the format of the *CARS*<sup>™</sup> lessons and includes the following:

- Part One: Practice with a longer reading passage followed by 12 multiple-choice questions, one for each strategy. The name of the strategy appears above each question.
- Part Two: Practice with a second longer reading passage followed by 12 multiple-choice questions, one for each strategy. The name of the strategy appears above each question.
- Part Three: Practice with a third longer reading passage followed by 12 multiple-choice questions, one for each strategy. The name of the strategy appears above each question.

### **What is in the teacher section?**

Each teacher section contains

- suggestions and instructional guidelines for using the *STARS*<sup>™</sup> series effectively in the classroom.
- a four-page reproducible entitled 'Know Your Strategies' for use with students in the classroom.

### **Where do students record their answers?**

Students record their answers on the reproducible Answer Form on pages 125 and 126. Students may also record their answers directly on the activity pages.

### **What is the correction procedure?**

For best results, correct each strategy lesson orally with students immediately following its completion. Explain concepts that students may not fully understand. In Part One, have pairs of students discuss their answers and explain why they chose them. In Part Two, Part Three and Part Four, discuss with students why correct answer choices are correct and why the remaining choices are not correct. If possible, elicit from students their reasons for choosing an incorrect answer. Incorrect answer choices often indicate misunderstandings about the question. Discussing why choices are correct or incorrect (in the manner presented in Part Two of every strategy lesson) will help students verbalise and clarify how they approach a particular strategy.

For the review lessons and the final review, correct each lesson orally with students immediately following its completion. Explain concepts that students may not fully understand.

### **When should I begin using *STARS* in the classroom?**

*STARS* should be initiated after an assessment of reading strategies has been administered to students and analysed by the teacher. *Comprehensive Assessment of Reading Strategies*<sup>™</sup> (*CARS*<sup>™</sup>) is designed specifically for making such a reading-strategy assessment. The *STARS* prescriptive reading series dovetails item-for-item with the *CARS* assessment program. Students may be assigned to specific lessons that deal with the reading strategies that need improvement and reinforcement, based on the results of the *CARS* assessment. Or, some students may need to complete the entire *STARS* year-level student book to build basic reading strategies.



## **What should I do if students are having difficulty understanding a particular strategy?**

‘Know Your Strategies’, on pages viii–xi, is a useful reproducible tool for explaining each of the 12 reading strategies and instructing students on how to answer a strategy-based question. Make a copy of ‘Know Your Strategies’ for each student. Discuss the strategies with students.

## **How do I use *STARS*<sup>™</sup> effectively in the classroom?**

*STARS* is designed for flexibility in the classroom and can be used effectively in several ways.

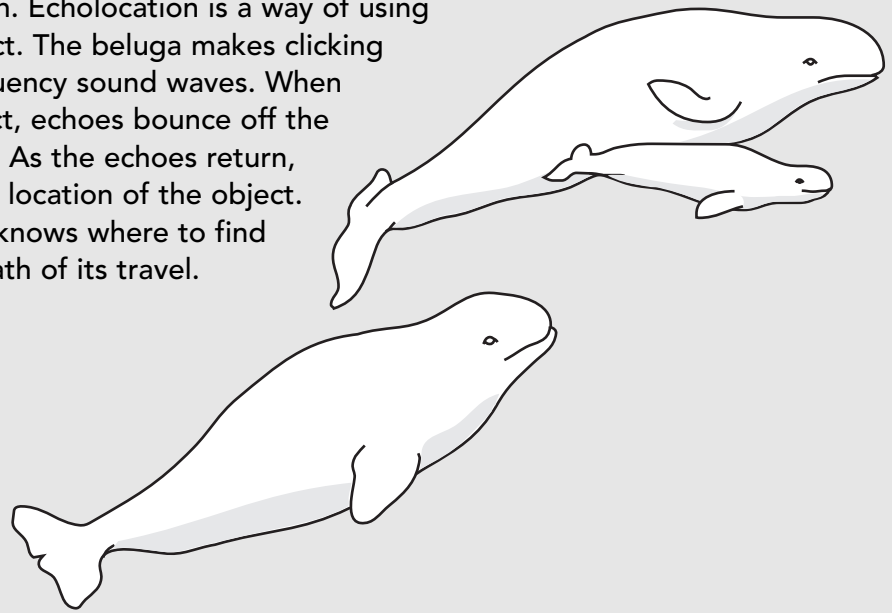
Overall, the book provides 12 eight-page strategy lessons and 4 four-page review lessons. *STARS* concludes with a nine-page practice test involving all 12 reading strategies. How you choose to allocate time for the 16 lessons and the final review is up to you, depending upon the strategy remediation needs of your students.

If you choose to have some or all students complete the entire reading-strategy instructional program, you may require students to complete each strategy lesson in two days and each review lesson in one day. This method would require 28 days for instruction and review, plus an additional two (or three) days for completing and discussing the final review. The total number of days required to complete the program would be no more than 31 days. Refer to the suggested schedule that follows.

## PART ONE: LEARN ABOUT MAIN IDEA

Read one of the paragraphs from Gabrielle's research report about beluga whales. As you read, think about the most important idea about belugas.

Like other whales, the beluga uses echolocation to navigate through the dark waters of the Arctic Ocean. Echolocation is a way of using sound waves to locate an object. The beluga makes clicking sounds that produce high-frequency sound waves. When these sound waves hit an object, echoes bounce off the object and return to the whale. As the echoes return, the beluga interprets the exact location of the object. With echolocation, the beluga knows where to find prey or when to redirect the path of its travel.



The topic of Gabrielle's paragraph is the beluga whale. The most important idea about the beluga is in the first sentence, **Like other whales, the beluga uses echolocation to navigate through the dark waters of the Arctic Ocean.**

The most important idea is called the **main idea**. The main idea identifies the topic and states the most important idea about it.

- ★ The main idea answers the question 'Which idea is most important to the topic?'
- ★ The main idea is often found in the first or last sentence of a paragraph.
- ★ The main idea is sometimes not found in any one sentence. You can figure out the main idea by thinking about all the ideas you have read about. Ask yourself, 'What is the paragraph mostly about?'

Read this paragraph about soccer. As you read, think about which idea is most important to the topic. Then answer the questions.

### The World Cup

Soccer is an international sport that is enjoyed all over the globe. The best evidence of soccer's worldwide popularity is the World Cup. In 1998, thirty-two teams from Africa, Asia, Europe, and North and South America competed in the World Cup. At one match, eighty thousand spectators cheered for their favourite team. A global audience of two billion watched the final match between France and Brazil on television. Another thirteen million followed the action through the World Cup's official website.

1. What is the main idea of the paragraph?
  - Ⓐ Two billion television viewers watched the final match.
  - Ⓑ Thirty-two teams from around the world competed.
  - Ⓒ Soccer is an international sport enjoyed all over the globe.
  - Ⓓ The World Cup is the best evidence of soccer's popularity.
2. Where or how did you find the main idea?
  - Ⓐ in the first sentence of the paragraph
  - Ⓑ in the last sentence of the paragraph
  - Ⓒ in the middle of the paragraph
  - Ⓓ by thinking about which idea is most important in the paragraph

Work with a partner. Discuss your answers to questions 1 and 2.  
Explain why you chose your answers.