



Relative Location

We can describe a place in relation to other places. This is called relative location. For each place named below, write a sentence that describes its location in relation to at least two other places.



Example: Europe is northeast of South America and southwest of Central Asia.

1. Africa is _____

2. Southwest Asia is _____

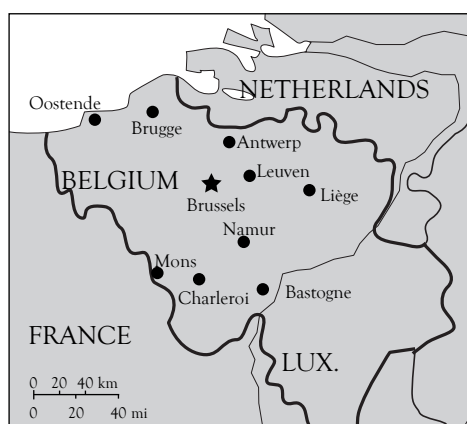
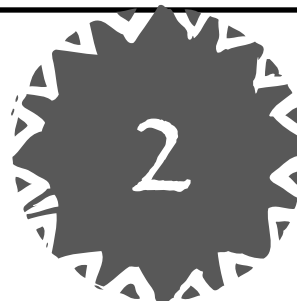
3. North America is _____

4. East Asia is _____

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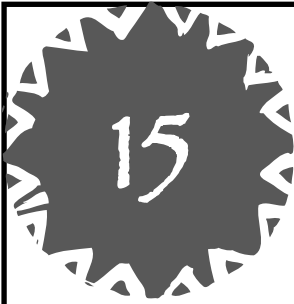
Distance and Scale

Look at the map of Belgium below. Choose three pairs of cities on the map. Then use the map scale to find the approximate distance between each pair of cities. Write your answers on the lines.



1. City 1: _____ City 2: _____ Distance: _____
2. City 1: _____ City 2: _____ Distance: _____
3. City 1: _____ City 2: _____ Distance: _____

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World Languages

From earliest times, people have felt the need to communicate. Different areas developed different languages. Some developed into whole families of related languages. Some language families include dozens of related languages.

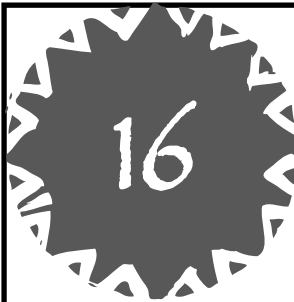
Match each language family in the box with its description below. Write the correct letter on the line.

Language Families

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| a. Sino-Tibetan | c. Malayo-Polynesian |
| b. Indo-European | d. Niger-Congo |

- ___ 1. This language family has members across Europe and South Asia. Languages in this family include English, Spanish, Greek and Hindi.
- ___ 2. This family includes African languages south of the Sahara, such as Swahili, Shona, Xhosa and Zulu.
- ___ 3. This important Asian language family includes the language with the most speakers in the world, Mandarin.
- ___ 4. This family of over 1000 languages is found in East Asia and across the Indian and Pacific oceans. It includes Indonesian and Hawaiian.

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World Geography: True or False?

Decide if each statement below is true (T) or false (F). Write the appropriate letter on the line before each statement. Rewrite any false statements to make them true.

- ___ 1. The study of geography only involves knowing about location - where places are on a map.
- ___ 2. Culture includes things such as housing, sports and language.
- ___ 3. In geography, the word customs always refers to a border check when you enter a country.
- ___ 4. Patterns of emigration and immigration are part of the geographic theme of movement.
- ___ 5. Maps use many imaginary lines to help make sense of the world.

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Absolute Location

Absolute location is the exact position on Earth where a place can be found. It is usually shown by using coordinates for latitude and longitude. No two places have the same absolute location.

Match each place named in the left column with its latitude and longitude in the right columns. Write the correct letter on the line.

	Place		Latitude	Longitude
___ 1.	Auckland	a.	15° 0' S	168° 0' E
___ 2.	Melbourne	b.	36° 52' S	174° 46' E
___ 3.	Nouméa, New Caledonia	c.	22° 17' S	166° 30' E
___ 4.	Vanuatu	d.	37° 50' S	145° 0' E

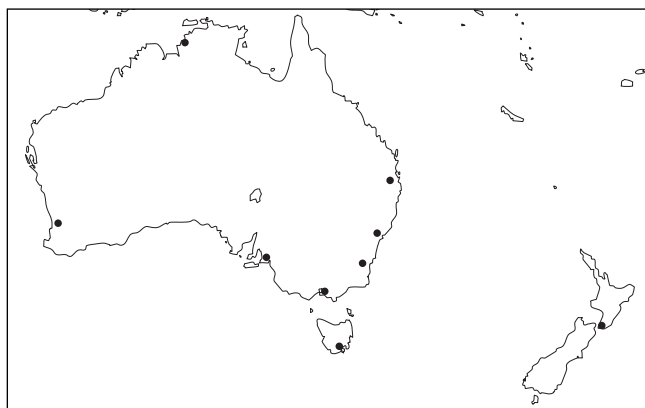
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Australia and New Zealand Map

The map below shows Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific World, but no place-names have been written on the map. Use your knowledge of the area to write each name where it belongs.

Countries	Cities	
AUSTRALIA	Adelaide	Melbourne
NEW ZEALAND	Brisbane	Perth
	Canberra	Sydney
	Darwin	Wellington
	Hobart	

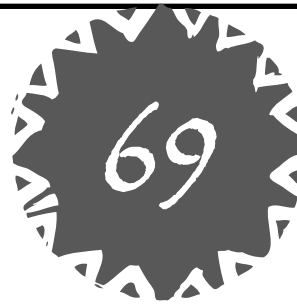


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Everyday Spanish

Spanish is spoken in many parts of Latin America. Some common Spanish phrases are given below in the left column. Match each one with its English translation in the right column. Write the correct letter on the line.

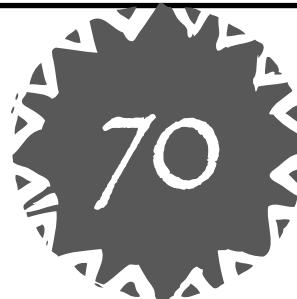


- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| ___ 1. <i>Buenos días.</i> | a. Very well, thanks. |
| ___ 2. <i>¿Cómo se llamo usted?</i> | b. Good-bye. |
| ___ 3. <i>Mucho gusto.</i> | c. How are you? |
| ___ 4. <i>¿Cómo está usted?</i> | d. What is your name? |
| ___ 5. <i>Muy bien, gracias.</i> | e. Nice to meet you. |
| ___ 6. <i>Adíos.</i> | f. Hello. |

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Proverbs

Different cultures often use proverbs to express the same ideas. Here are some proverbs from Mexico. For each one, think of another proverb that expresses the same idea. Write it on the lines under the Mexican proverb.

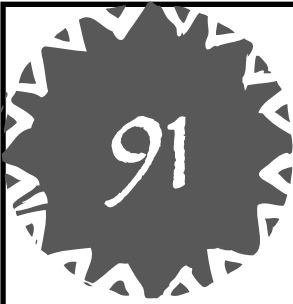


1. *Quien pide no escoge.* (The person who pleads does not choose.)

2. *Hombre prevenido vale por dos.* (A man warned in advance is worth two.)

3. *Quien bien va, no tuerce.* (If it's going well, don't change it.)

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Relative Location

We can describe a place in relation to other places. This is called relative location. For each place named below, write a sentence that describes its location in relation to at least two other places.

Example: Warsaw is northeast of Prague and northwest of Bucharest.

1. Sofia is _____

2. Tirane is _____

3. Budapest is _____

4 Zagreb is _____

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Landforms

The map below shows some of the physical features of Poland. They include two important rivers, two mountain ranges and one sea. Use an atlas to help you label each one.



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