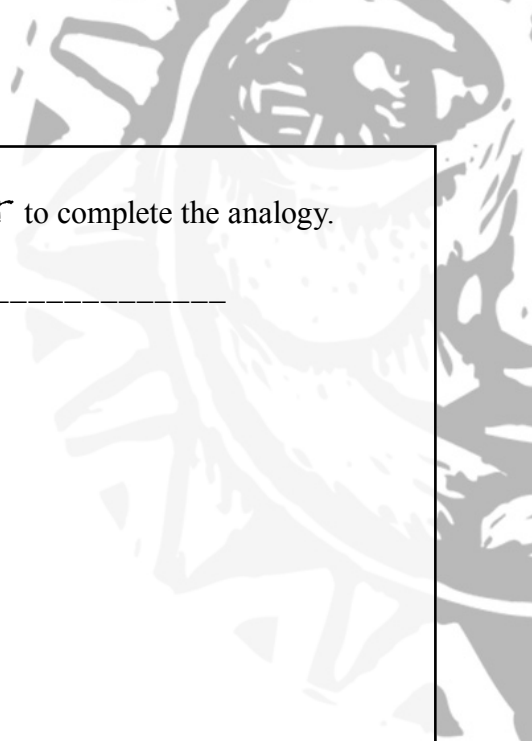


English

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Choose the correct word pair to complete the analogy.

hunter : prey :: _____ : _____

- (a) swimmer : lane
- (b) miner : ore
- (c) competitor : defeat
- (d) student : book

What type of analogy is this?



Fill in the blanks to complete the analogy. There are many correct answers.

barber : razor :: _____ : _____

Write the relationship sentence you used to complete this analogy.

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choose, chose

choose (vb) – to decide on and pick out; to select; to preferExample: When you **choose** the topic for this essay, be sure you state your thesis clearly.**chose** – past tense of **choose**

Example: Alex chose all of his electives in the area of science, his intended major.

Circle the proper word to make the sentence correct.

1. We all hope to (choose, chose) friends who will stand by us in times of need.
2. After deliberating for a few minutes, Maria (choose, chose) the most obvious route home.
3. In university, one usually (chooses, choses) a major after the first year.
4. Anyone who drives after consuming alcohol is (choosing, chosing) to flirt with disaster.
5. Hattie (choose, chose) several new books to read on her trip to Ireland.

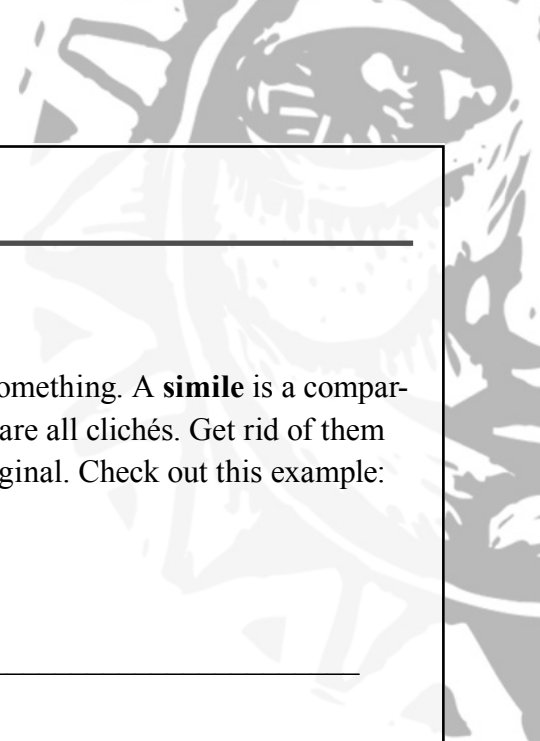
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desert, dessert

desert (n) – a dry or an arid areaExample: Incredible sandstorms often sweep across the **desert**.**desert (v)** – to leave or abandonExample: The minister found his allies **deserted** him when it came to passing the bill.**dessert (n)** – the sweet food served as the last course of a mealExample: Fruit can be a refreshing **dessert**, especially in summer.Write four complete sentences of your own, two using the noun **dessert** and two using either the noun or verb form of **desert**.

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English

Goodbye to Clichés

A **cliché** [klee-SHAY] is a worn-out way to say something. A **simile** is a comparison using the word like or as. The similes below are all clichés. Get rid of them for good! Write new similes that are fresh and original. Check out this example:

cliché: He was as cold as ice.

new: He was as cold as a bald polar bear at the North Pole.

1. It was as dark as night.

2. It happened quick as a wink.

3. He was as quiet as a mouse.

4. She is as strong as an ox.

5. The air is as dry as a bone.

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English

How Do You Do It?

You know how to outline a report, right? Imagine that you are teaching a younger student how to make an outline. Below, write your explanation of how to do it.

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One way to **figure** out the meaning of an unknown or unfamiliar word is to look for the context clues in a sentence. One type of **context clue** is called *definition*, or restatement. In this, the writer defines the meaning of the word in the sentence or gives enough explanation for the meaning to be clear.

Example: The committee voted to *augment*, or increase, the training program budget.

Use the context clues to figure out the meaning of the words in bold type. Write your definition of the word. Then underline the context clue.

- (a) It was unacceptable for the moderator to **berate**, or scold, the panel members.
- (b) The **contusion** on the patient's arm was one of several bruises on his body.
- (c) The feeling of **melancholy** was evident by the sad, depressed mood of the crowd.

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Comparison and contrast is another type of context clue that can help you determine the meaning of an unfamiliar word. With this type of clue, the meaning of an unknown word can be unlocked by comparing it with another key word.

Example: My grandmother is parsimonious, but she is not nearly as cheap as my grandfather.

Use the context clues to figure out the meaning of the words in bold type. Write your definition. Then underline the context clue.

- (a) We can appreciate the relative safety of our lives when we see the perilous conditions of those in other cultures.
- (b) Although Bonnie was exuberant, the other fans mourned the team's loss.
- (c) The dromedary, like other desert animals, can go for long periods of time without water.

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